Stubbins Primary School Computing Progression of Skills



	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Computing systems and networks (Digital literacy)	I can recognise and name a range of digital devices, e.g. laptop, phone, games console. I can log on to the school computer / unlock the school tablet with support. I can identify the basic parts of a computer, e.g. mouse, keyboard, screen. I can use a suitable access device (mouse, keyboard, touchscreen, switch). I can explain why we use passwords and recognise examples of personal information I know who to tell if concerned about content	I can explain how IT is used at home I can explain how IT is used in different places I can use a simple password to log onto the computer or a website. I can identify rules for acceptable use of technology in school. I know what personal information is and the need to keep it private. I can recognise that some information found online may not be true.	I can describe what a computer is (input > process > output). I can recognise that school computers are connected. Keeping password safe When not to share personal info Games/films have age ratings	 Remember and use an individual password. Recognise what kinds of websites are trustworthy sources of information. Recognise the benefits and risks of different apps and websites. Recognise that the media can portray groups of people differently. Can rate a game or film they have made and explain their rating 	I can explain the difference between the internet and the World Wide Web; and between a search engine and a web browser I can perform a complex search for information Know where to find copyright free images and audio, and why this is important. Critically evaluate websites for reliability of information and authenticity.	 Explain what makes a strong password and why this is important at school and in the wider world. Explain how algorithms are used to track online activities with a view to targeting advertising and information. Know that there are laws around the purchase of games; the production, sending and storage of images; what is written online; and around online gambling
Creating media (Information technology)	I can select basic tools/options to change the appearance of digital content, e.g. filter on an image / font / size of paintbrush. I can combine media with support to present information, e.g. text and images. I can type text using a keyboard	 I can create simple digital content for a purpose, e.g. digital art. I can capture, edit and improve my photos Present ideas and information by combining media, e.g. text and images. I can identify which photos are real and which have been changed 	 I can present ideas and information by combining media independently, e.g. text and images. I can design and create simple digital content for a purpose/audience, e.g. poster. I can edit digital content to improve it, e.g. resize text. 	 Collect, organise and present information using a range of media. Design, create and edit digital content for a specific purpose Identify the features of a good piece of digital content and apply these in own design. Know where to find copyright free content, e.g. creative images. Collaborate with peers using online tools 	 Use different drawing tools to create images Create images by layering and duplicating images to create more complex pieces of work Evaluate and improve their own designs 	 Select, combine and remix a range of media to create original content. Consider all steps of the design process when creating content (e.g. identify problem, plan, create, evaluate, share.) Identify the most effective tools to present information for a specific purpose.

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Data and information (Information technology)	I can describe objects using labels I can find objects with similar properties I can answer questions about groups of objects I can decide how to group objects to answer a question I can record and share what I have found	 I can recognise charts and pictograms and explain why we use them. I can explain information shown in a simple chart or pictogram. I can modify simple charts/pictograms, e.g. add title, item or labels. I can identify the key features of a chart or pictogram. I can collect and present data on a topic 	 I can use a branching database I can create a branching database I can identify the features of a good question in a branching database. I can evaluate a given branching database and suggest improvements 	 Draw conclusions from information stored in a database, chart or table. Design a questionnaire and collect a range of data on a theme. Choose appropriate formats to present data to convey information 	I know the difference between data and information I can perform a search to answer questions about data I can create graphs and charts from data	 Recognise what a spreadsheet is and what it is used for. Use simple formulae in a spreadsheet to find out information from a set of data. Collect data for a purpose and plan out a spreadsheet to present it effectively, using relevant formulae. Produce graphs from data in a spreadsheet to answer a question. Analyse and evaluate data and information in a spreadsheet, chart or database.
Programming (Computer science)	 I can create a simple program e.g. to control a floor robot. I can predict the outcome of a simple algorithm or program. I can explain what an algorithm is and create one I can debug an error in a simple algorithm or program e.g. for a floor robot. 	 I can predict the outcome of an algorithm or program with multiple steps. I can identify and correct errors in a given algorithm or program, and recognise the term debugging. I can explain what an algorithm and program are I can plan out a program by creating an algorithm, and evaluate its success. 	 Modify an existing program, Create examples of algorithms containing count-controlled loops. Use a forever loop in a program to keep something happening. Identify errors in a block or text-based program and correct them. Recognise that different inputs can be used to control a program 	 Create a program using a range of Events/inputs to control what happens. Explain when to use forever loops and count-controlled loops, and use them in programs. Recognise selection in a program or algorithm. Use selection in algorithms in programs e.g. ifthen Design a program for a purpose. Recognise common mistakes in programs and how to correct them. 	 Name a range of sensors in physical systems Predict what will happen in a program or algorithm when the input changes Use two-way selection i.e. if thenelse Recognise variables in a program Create programs including 'repeat until' loops. Create and use simple variables, e.g. to keep score. Create an algorithm for a physical system (with sensor) 	 Design and program a system that uses sensors. Recognise and use procedures (sub-routines) in programs. Plan out a program in detail, including task, algorithm, code and execution level. Use nested selection statements in a program Combine a variable with relational operators (< = >) to determine when a program changes Recognise key concepts (sequence, selection, repetition and variables)

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Vocabulary	Technology, Computer, mouse/trackpad, keyboard, screen, click, drag, draw, double-click, Input device, Shift, space bar, Safely, responsibly, computer, technology paint program, tool, paintbrush, erase, fill, undo, shape tools, line tool, fill tool Forwards, backwards, turn, clear, go, commands Instructions, algorithm, program Word processor, backspace, toolbar, bold, italic, underline, ScratchJr, Bee-Bot, command, sprite, compare, programming, block, joining, start block, run, background, delete, reset, algorithm, predict, effect, change, value, block program.	Information technology (IT), computer, barcode, scanner/scan Device, camera, photograph, capture, image, digital Framing, focal point, subject matter, field of view, format, compose Natural lighting, artificial lighting, Instruction, sequence, clear, unambiguous, algorithm, program Debugging, command, program, run, program, start Sprite, design, modify, change organise, data, object, tally chart, votes, Pictogram, Attribute, group,	Digital device, input, output, process Program Connection, network, network switch, server, wireless access point (WAP) Scratch, programming, blocks, commands, code, sprite, costume, stage, backdrop Sequence, event, task, design, code, run the code Design, algorithm, bug, debug Branching database, database, attribute, value, questions, objects, equal, even, separate Text, images Landscape, portrait, orientation, placeholder, template Motion, event, sprite, algorithm, logic Move, resize, extension block,	Internet, network, router, network security Network switch, server, wireless access point (WAP), router, route tracing, browser content, download, sharing, ownership, permission Program, turtle, commands, code snippet Algorithm, design, debug, Logo commands, Pattern, repeat, repetition, count-controlled loop, algorithm, Data, table (layout) Input device, sensor, data logger, data point, interval, analyse, data set, import, export Scratch, programming, sprite, blocks, code, loop, repeat, value, Block, forever, infinite loop, count-controlled loop, costume design, algorithm, duplicate, debug, refine, evaluate	 System, connection, digital, input, process, output Protocol, address, packet Microcontroller, Crumble controller, components, LED, Sparkle, program, repetition, infinite loop, selection, controlled loop,Task, design, selection, condition, action, microcontroller, algorithm, Database, data, information, record, field, sort, order, group graph, chart, axis, compare, filter Vector, drawing tools, shapes, object, icons, toolbar organise, zoom, select, rotate, object, alignment grid, resize, handles, consistency, 	 refine index, crawler, bot, search engine, Ranking, Website, web page, browser, media, Hypertext Markup Language (HTML) Web page, website, logo, layout, header, media, purpose Copyright, fair use, hyperlink, Variable, name, value, set, change Task, algorithm, design, artwork, program, project, code, test, debug Spreadsheet, data, data heading, data set, cells, columns and rows, Formula, calculation, input, output. cells, cell reference 2D, 3D, Rotate, position, select, duplicate Dimensions, placeholder, Micro:bit, MakeCode, input, process, output, flashing, USB Selection, condition, if then else, variable, random accelerometer